



#### Towards ML-driven resource orchestration in disaggregated memory systems: Challenges and Opportunities

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Invited Talk - 2<sup>nd</sup> Workshop on Composable Systems

**Co-located with IPDPS 2023** 

# ML for (disaggregated) systems

"ToC"

# Adrias

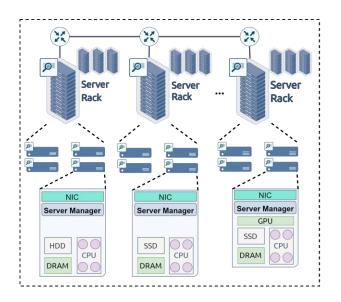
Interference-Aware Memory Orchestration for Disaggregated Cloud Infrastructures

#### Introduction

- Rise of applications executed in the Cloud
- Application co-location (multi-tenancy)
   Resource interference -> performance degradation
- Traditional infrastructures → static architecture
   Servers with fixed number of CPUs and RAM + HW accelerators
- Several issues/challenges w.r.t. resource efficiency
  - $\circ$  Fragmentation of resources
  - $_{\odot}\,$  Handling of HW failures
  - $_{\odot}~$  Integration of new HW devices



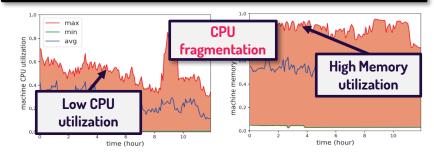
#### **Cluster Management**



## Why Memory Disaggregation?

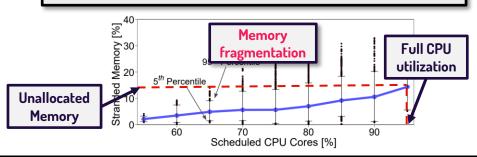
- Memory is a major factor w.r.t. resource fragmentation
  - Memory shortage
  - $\circ$  Memory stranding
- Memory disaggregation to the rescue!
  - Allocate memory either locally or from neighboring nodes over network

## Imbalance in the cloud: An analysis on Alibaba cluster trace



#### Pond: CXL-Based Memory Pooling Systems for Cloud Platforms

<u>Huaicheng Li, Daniel S. Berger</u>, +10 authors <u>R. Bianchini</u> • Published 1 March 2022 • Computer Science • Proceedings of the 28th ACM International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems

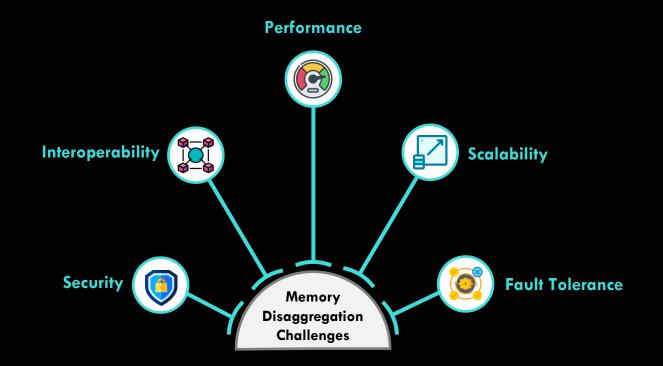


## Why Memory Disaggregation?

- Memory is a major factor w.r.t. resource fragmentation
  - Memory shortage
  - Memory stranding
- Memory disaggregation to the rescue!
  - Allocate memory either locally or from neighboring nodes over network
  - Memory disaggregation and multi-tier memory architectures infiltrating the Cloud world

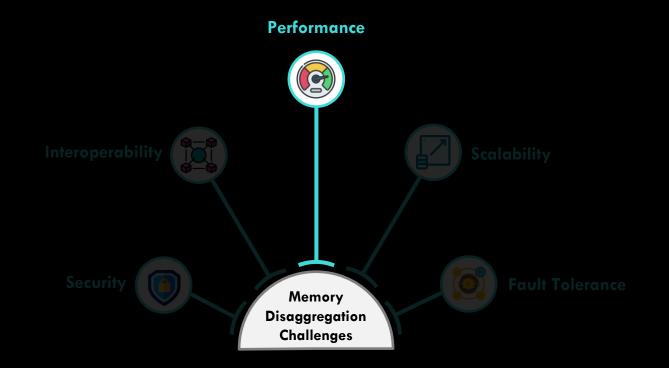


#### Challenges of Memory Disaggregated Cloud systems



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#### Challenges of Memory Disaggregated Cloud systems



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Performance degradation by design (OR NOT?) (\*)
 Network Latency/Bandwidth & Protocol overheads

> 20% average performance degradation for Spark apps

➢ Not akin across all benchmarks

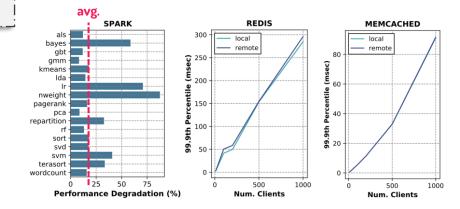
LC apps insensitive to remote memory

Adrias: Interference-Aware Memory Orchestration for Disaggregated Cloud Infrastru Dimothenis Manures 2023 IEEE International Designed Interconnect Stack for Rack-Scale

**Memory Disaggregation** 

 Christian Pinto, D. Syrivelis,
 +4 authors
 H. P. Hofstee
 • Published 1 October 2020
 • Computer Science
 •

 2020 53rd Annual IEEE/ACM International Symposium on Microarchitecture (MICRO)



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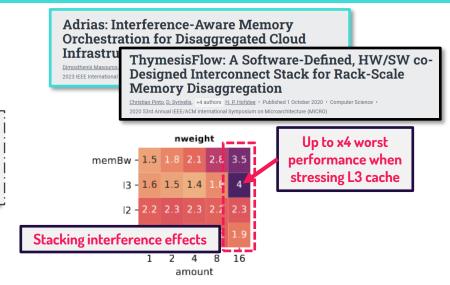
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LC apps insensitive to remote memory

- Interference complicates things
  - o Huge performance chasm between local and remote
  - o Stacking interference effects

Up to x4 worst performance under memory bandwidth and LLC interference



Values show the slowdown of remote memory vs. local for the same amount of applied interference (**higher is worse**)

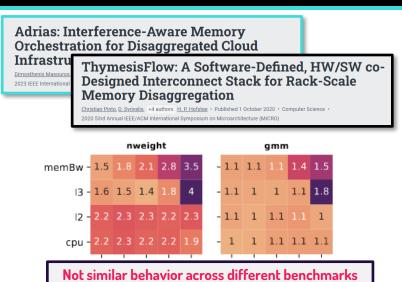
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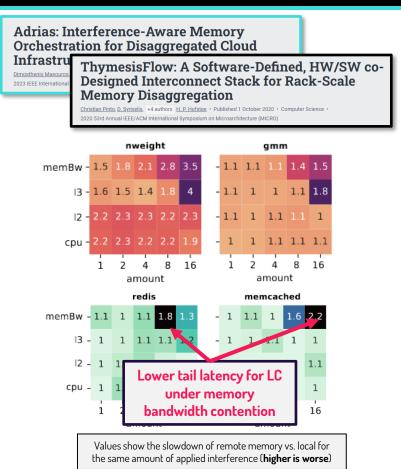
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LC apps sensitive to memory bandwidth interference



#### Potential Use of ML for Resource Management

- Naïve use of remote memory → huge performance degradation
- "Intelligent" memory mapping of applications
  - o Allocate "remote-memory friendly" apps on disaggregated pool
  - o Minimize shared resource interference
  - Minimize data travelling back & forth through the network



#### **Fundamental Questions**

# WHERE ?





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#### **Fundamental Questions**

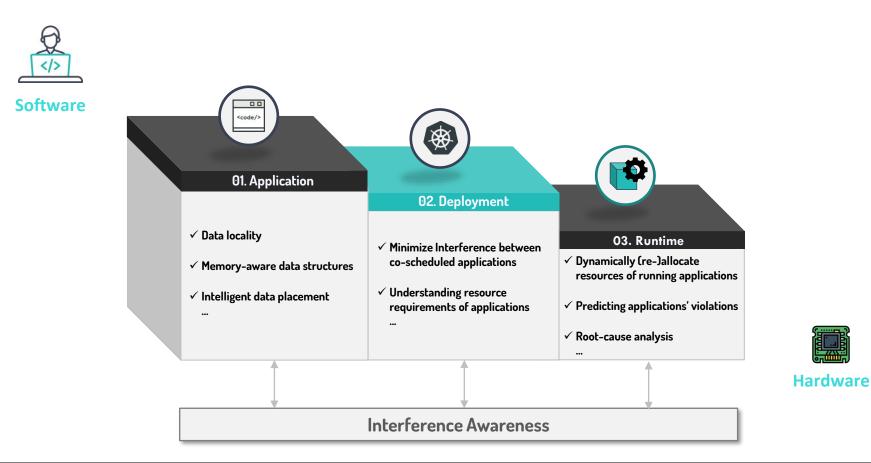
# WHERE ?





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### Levels of Applying ML Solutions

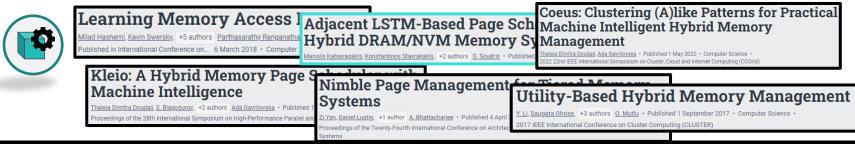


#### Prior works to be considered

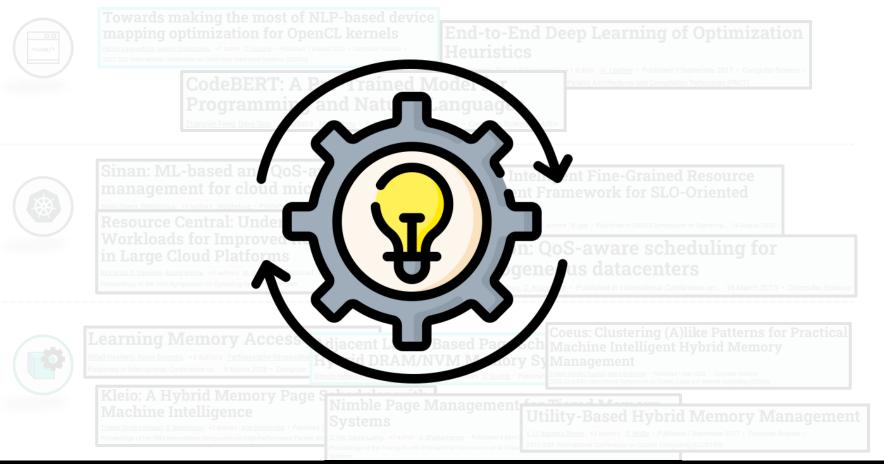
<code/:

	End-to-End Deep Learning of Optimization Heuristics
CodeBERT: A Pre-Trained Me Programming and Natural La Zhangyin Feng, Daya Guo, +8 authors Ming Zhou • Published 19 February	odel for Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (PACT) anguages

	IRM: An Intelligent Fine-Grained Resource Janagement Framework for SLO-Oriented <del>Jier</del> oservices
Resource Central: Understanding and Predict	ing
Workloads for Improved Resource Manageme in Large Cloud Platforms	Paragon: QoS-aware scheduling for
Eli Cortez C. Vllarinho, Anand Bonde, +3 authors <u>R. Bianchini</u> • Published 14 October 2017 • Computer Science • Proceedings of the 26th Symposium on Operating Systems Principles	heterogeneous datacenters Christina Delimitrou, C. Kozyrakis • Published in International Conference on 16 March 2013 • Computer Science



#### Prior works to be considered



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#### **Fundamental Questions**

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### How to use ML?

Things to consider when deciding how to exploit ML in cloud resource management:

- What should the ML model do?
- What inputs should the ML model receive?
- What should the ML model's architecture be?
- How quickly and often should the ML do predictions?

Exploring the opportunities to use ML, the possible designs, and our experience with Microsoft Azure.

BY RICARDO BIANCHINI, MARCUS FONTOURA, ELI CORTEZ, ANAND BONDE, ALEXANDRE MUZIO, ANA-MARIA CONSTANTIN, THOMAS MOSCIBRODA, GABRIEL MAGALHAES, GIRISH BABLANI, AND MARK RUSSINOVICH

# Toward ML-Centric Cloud Platforms

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### **ML Integration Approaches**

#### ML model's purpose:

- Behavioral predictions (predictor)
- Actual management actions (actuator)

#### ML modeling approach:

- One model per application / memory type
   + More accurate (probably)
  - Less scalable
- One model to rule them all!

#### **ML** as predictor Prediction replies RM ML ML inputs Prediction Actions requests **Disaggregated System** ML as actuator ML + RM**ML** inputs Actions

**Disaggregated System** 

#### Dimosthenis Masouros

### What Inputs to Use?

- Application-specific (high-level) metrics
  - Accurate (real) performance
  - Difficult to acquire
  - Developers have to instrument apps with monitoring tools (e.g., AWS Cloudwatch)
- System-wide (lower-level) metrics
   o Imperfect proxy for performance
  - o Always available to providers
  - Can be used to "predict" performance

Rusty: Runtime Interference-Aware Predictive Monitoring for Modern Multi-Tenant Systems

Dimosthenis Masouros, <u>S. Xydis, D. Soudris</u> • Published 1 January 2021 • Computer Science • IEEE Transactions on

Characterizing Job Microarchitectural Profiles at Scale: Dataset and Analysis

Kangjin Wang, Ying Li, +8 authors Liping Zhang • Published 29 August 2022 • Computer Science •

#### SOL: safe on-node learning in cloud platforms

 Ya-wen Wang, D. Crankshaw,
 +3 authors
 R. Bianchini
 Published 25 January 2022
 Computer Science

 Proceedings of the 27th ACM International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems

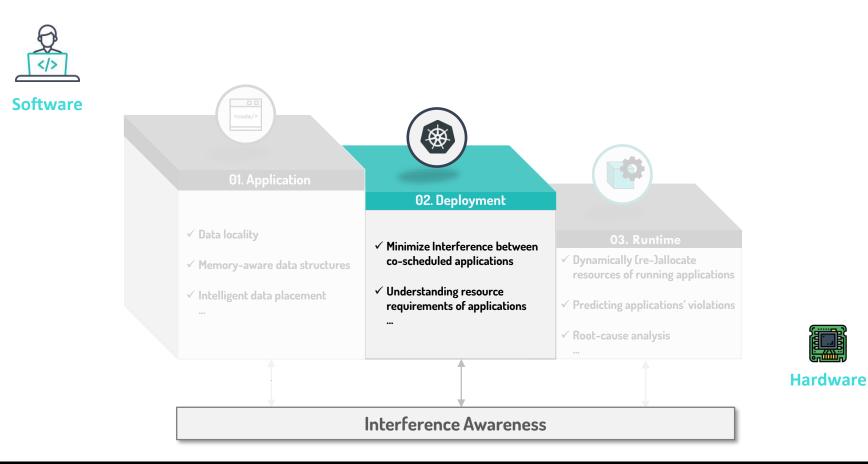
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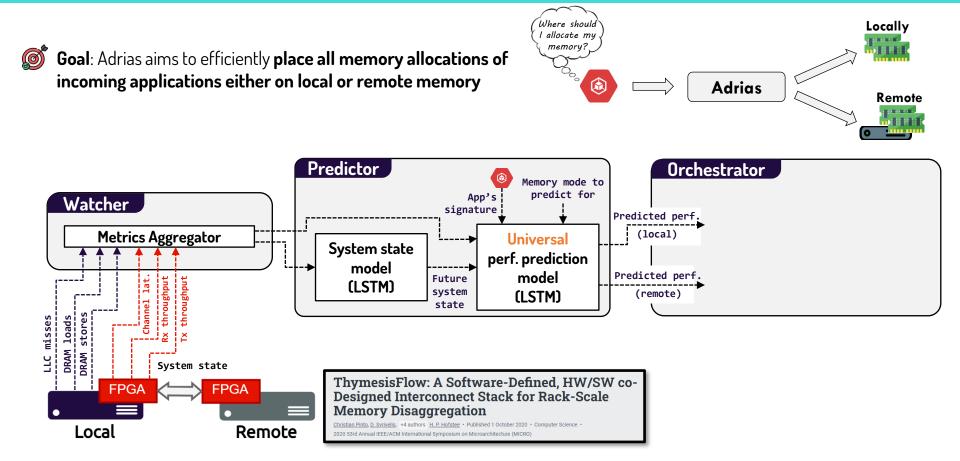
## Adrias

Interference-Aware Memory Orchestration for Disaggregated Cloud Infrastructures

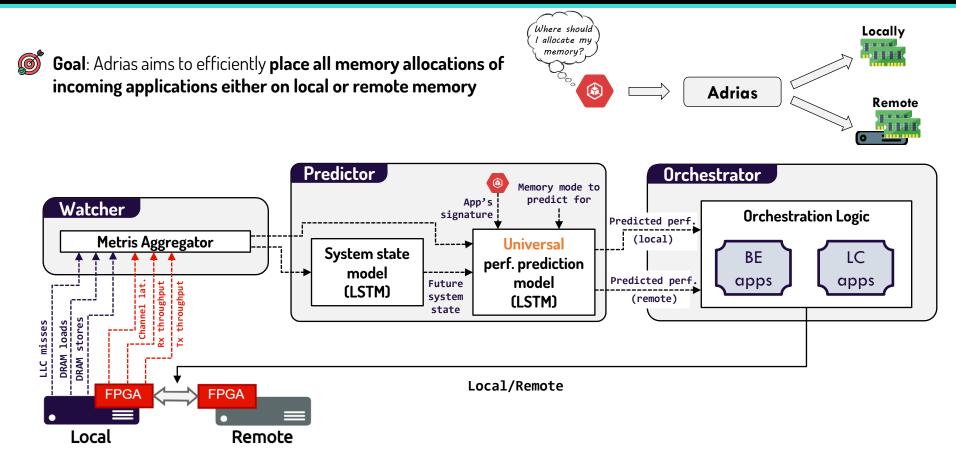
### Levels of Applying ML Solutions



#### (really abstract) Overview



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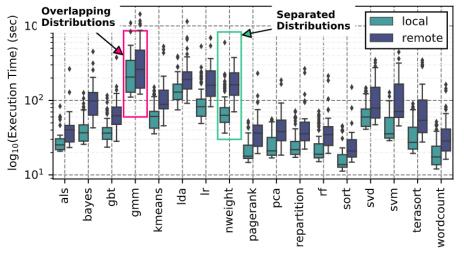


#### Data collection

72 random 1-hour scenarios deployed
 o Random applications arriving at random intervals

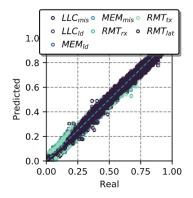
#### Scenarios' Insights

- Overlapping performance distributions (e.g., gmm)
  - Remote memory could be beneficial in certain interference scenarios
  - $_{\odot}\,$  Sacrifice performance for leveraging remote memory
- Separated performance distributions (e.g., nweight)
  - Use of remote memory prohibitive due to stacking interference effects

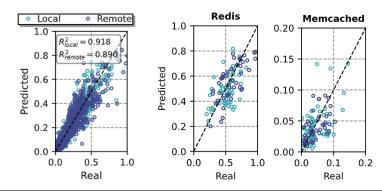


- System state model
  - $\circ$  ~0.99 R<sup>2</sup> score\* for all predicted metrics
- Performance prediction model
  - $\circ~~\textbf{0.94}$  average  $\mathsf{R}^2$  score\* for performance prediction of both BE and LC on local and remote
- Orchestration logic
  - o Outperforms Random and Round-Robin schedulers
  - Allocates 10%–35% to remote memory with 0.5%–15% median performance degradation
  - $\,\circ\,$  Up to 55% less traffic on the network channel
  - $\,\circ\,$  Aligns with scenarios' insights

#### Predicted vs. Real (system state model)



#### Predicted vs. Real (perf. prediction model)



\*Values closer to 1 are better

## Adrias: Interference-Aware Memory Orchestration for Disaggregated Cloud Infrastructures

<u>Dimosthenis Masouros</u>, <u>Christian Pinto</u>, +2 authors <u>D. Soudris</u> • Published 1 February 2023 • Computer Science • 2023 IEEE International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (HPCA)

- Memory disaggregation is the next big thing (in the Cloud)
- Memory disaggregation + interference → huge performance variability and unpredictability
- ML for systems can be a strong tool (tailored to our needs)
- Rethink and adapt current ML solutions

Adrias showed the potential of ML in disaggregated memory systems

- Separated ML and Orchestration logic
- Able to leverage remote memory with minimal performance impact



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